

SMPTE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Interoperable Master Format — Application Constraint DPP (JPEG2000)



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Foreword

SMPTE (the Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers) is an internationally-recognized standards developing organization. Headquartered and incorporated in the United States of America, SMPTE has members in over 80 countries on six continents. SMPTE's Engineering Documents, including Standards, Recommended Practices, Engineering Guidelines and Technical Specifications, are prepared by SMPTE's Technology Committees. Participation in these Committees is open to all with a bona fide interest in their work. SMPTE cooperates closely with other standards-developing organizations, including ISO, IEC and ITU.

SMPTE Engineering Documents are drafted in accordance with the rules given in its Standards Operations Manual.

Intellectual Property

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Introduction

Building on the pioneering work of SMPTE who created a Mastering Format (IMF) for Feature Films, the Digital Production Partnership (DPP) and the North American Broadcasters Association (NABA) have collaborated to develop a SMPTE Technical Specification for an IMF Application based on the requirements common to many in the broadcast and online sector. This SMPTE Technical Specification is based on the image formats referred to in ITU-R BT.2100 and references SMPTE ST 2067 Interoperable Master Format suite of standards as well as SMPTE TSP 2121-1:2018.

Advice to Readers

Implementers

Implementers are advised to refer to Requirements document SMPTE ER 2121-2:2018 as revised.

Users (Including Production and Post Production)

Users are advised to refer to any contractual or delivery documentation supplied by the commissioners or distributors or co-producers, before selecting options such as frame rate, image size, colorimetry etc.

1 Scope

This SMPTE Technical Specification specifies an Application Constraint of SMPTE ST 2067 - the Interoperable Master Format Application #2E. The purpose of an application constraint is to provide a reduced set of technical parameters based around a defined use-case, which can be implemented in a common way by multiple implementers. Editorial constraints that are relevant to a specific content provider will be specified separately.

2 Conformance Notation

Normative text is text that describes elements of the design that are indispensable or contains the conformance language keywords: "shall", "should", or "may". Informative text is text that is potentially helpful to the user, but not indispensable, and can be removed, changed, or added editorially without affecting interoperability. Informative text does not contain any conformance keywords.

All text in this document is, by default, normative, except: the Introduction, any section explicitly labelled as "Informative" or individual paragraphs that start with "Note:"

The keywords "shall" and "shall not" indicate requirements strictly to be followed in order to conform to the document and from which no deviation is permitted.

The keywords, "should" and "should not" indicate that, among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable, without mentioning or excluding others; or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required; or that (in the negative form) a certain possibility or course of action is deprecated but not prohibited.

The keywords "may" and "need not" indicate courses of action permissible within the limits of the document.

The keyword "reserved" indicates a provision that is not defined at this time, shall not be used, and may be defined in the future. The keyword "forbidden" indicates "reserved" and in addition indicates that the provision will never be defined in the future.

A conformant implementation according to this document is one that includes all mandatory provisions ("shall") and, if implemented, all recommended provisions ("should") as described. A conformant implementation need not implement optional provisions ("may") and need not implement them as described.

Unless otherwise specified, the order of precedence of the types of normative information in this document shall be as follows: Normative prose shall be the authoritative definition; Tables shall be next; followed by formal languages; then figures; and then any other language forms.

3 Normative References

The following documents contain provisions, which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this SMPTE Technical Specification. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this SMPTE Technical Specification are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the documents indicated below.

SMPTE ST 2067-2:2016, Interoperable Master Format – Core Constraints

SMPTE ST 2067-8:2013, Interoperable Master Format – Common Audio Labels

SMPTE ST 2067-21:2016, Interoperable Master Format – Application #2E

ITU-R BT.2100, Image parameter values for high dynamic range television for use in production and international programme exchange

Committee Draft of Amendment 1 to ST 2067-21:2016 (url: <https://github.com/SMPTE/st2067-21-2016-am1>)

SMPTE ST 428-12:2013, D-Cinema Distribution Master Common Audio Channels and Soundfield Groups

4 Terms and Definitions

4.1 HD HDR acronym for High Definition High Dynamic Range

4.2 HD SDR acronym for High Definition Standard Dynamic Range

4.3 UHD acronym for Ultra High Definition

5 Overall

The normative provisions of SMPTE ST 2067-21:2016 shall apply in addition to those specified herein unless specified otherwise.

6 Image Essence

6.1 Constraints (Normative)

Image frames shall conform to the combinations of characteristics allowed in Table 1. These characteristics constrain the general provisions of Table 3 of SMPTE ST 2067-21:2016.

Table 1 - Image Parameters (Normative)

Originating Source	HD SDR	HD HDR		UHD	
Image Frame Width	1920	1920		3840	
Image Frame Height	1080	1080		2160	
Frame Structure	Progressive or Interlace	Progressive			
Stereoscopy	Monoscopic Stereoscopic	Monoscopic Stereoscopic			
Frame Rate	24 24000/1001 25 30 30000/1001 50 60 60000/1001				
Sampling	4:2:2	4:2:2	4:4:4	4:2:2	4:4:4
Quantisation	QE.1	QE.1	QE.1 QE.2	QE.1	QE.1 QE.2
Color Components	Y'Cb'Cr'	Y'Cb'Cr'	R'G'B'	Y'Cb'Cr'	R'G'B'
Colorimetry	COLOR.3	COLOR.3 COLOR.5 COLOR.7 COLOR.8	COLOR.5 COLOR.7 COLOR.8	COLOR.3 COLOR.5 COLOR.7 COLOR.8	COLOR.5 COLOR.7 COLOR.8
Pixel Bit Depth	8 or 10	10	12	10	12

COLOR.8 corresponds to the Hybrid Log-Gamma (HLG) system specified in Amendment 1:2019 to SMPTE ST 2067-21:2016.

7 Image Track Files

7.1 Essence (Normative)

Essence shall conform to section 5.

7.2 Profiles (Normative)

Implementations shall support the combinations of JPEG 2000 IMF profiles (as specified in ISO/IEC 15444-1:2016) and image frame dimensions listed in Table 2.

Table 2 – Image Profiles (Normative)

Profile	HD		UHD	
Image Frame Width	1920		3840	
Image Frame Height	1080		2160	
JPEG2000 Profile	2K IMF single/multi-tile Reversable	2K IMF single tile Lossy	4K IMF single/multi-tile Reversable	4K IMF single tile Lossy
JPEG2000 Operating Levels	Main Level 5 Main Level 6		Main Level 6 Main Level 7 Main Level 8 Main Level 9	
JPEG2000 Operating Sub Levels	Sub Level 0 only	All allowed for a given Main Level except Sublevel 0	Sub Level 0 only	All allowed for a given Main Level except Sublevel 0

8 Audio (Normative)

The provisions of SMPTE ST 2067-2:2016 shall apply.

9 Metadata (Informative)

Additional static metadata may be included as assets in a Sidecar Composition Map as defined in SMPTE ST 2067-9:2018. Examples are given in SMPTE TSP 2121-1:2018.

10 Access Services

10.1 Closed Captions / Subtitles (Normative)

The provisions of SMPTE ST 2067-2:2016 shall apply.

10.2 Audio Description (AD) / Described Video Service (DVS) (Normative)

Audio described/Described Video Service/Descriptive Video can be supplied as narration-only or mixed with program.

If supplied as narration-only:

- Each supplied narration-only shall be a single monaural audio channel containing Visually Impaired Narrative (VIN) as described in SMPTE ST 428-12:2013. Each narration-only audio channel shall be wrapped in an IMF Audio Track File containing exactly one audio channel per track file.

The MCA Label values are as follows. Text in **bold** represents specific absolute values which shall be set, whereas text in *italics* indicates a description of the data that should be inserted.

Table 3 – MCA Label Values (Normative)

MCA SubDescriptor	AudioChannelLabel Subdescriptor	SoundfieldGroupLabelSubDescriptor
MCA Tag Name	Visually Impaired Narrative	Visual Accessibility
MCA Tag Symbol	VIN	VIN
RFC5646 Spoken Language	<i>Spoken language tag per RFC5646</i>	<i>Spoken language tag per RFC5646</i>
MCA Audio Content Kind		Descriptive Video
MCA Audio Element Kind		Singular
MCA Title		<i>Content provider’s title for the overall program</i>
MCA Title Version		<i>The version (“cut”) of the MCA Title</i>

If supplied mixed with program:

- Each supplied mixed Audio described/Described Video Service/Descriptive Video shall be one Soundfield Group as described in SMPTE ST 2067-8:2013, wrapped in an IMF Audio Track File containing all channels in the Soundfield Group.

EXAMPLE The MCA Label values for each Audio Channel and Soundfield Group shall be as follows (using a 5.1 Soundfield Group and respective channels).

(Text in **bold** represents specific absolute values which shall be set, whereas text in *italics* indicates a description of the data to be inserted.)

Table 4 – MCA Audio Channel/Soundfield Descriptor (Normative)

MCA SubDescriptor	AudioChannelLabel Subdescriptor	SoundfieldGroupLabelSubDescriptor
MCA Tag Name	<i>The Appropriate selection from:</i> Left, Right, Center, Left Surround, Right Surround, LFE	5.1
MCA Tag Symbol	The appropriate selection from: L, R, C, Ls, Rs, LFE	51
RFC5646 Spoken Language	<i>Spoken language tag per RFC5646</i>	<i>Spoken language tag per RFC5646</i>
MCA Audio Content Kind	Descriptive Video	Descriptive Video
MCA Audio Element Kind	Final Composite	Final Composite
MCA Title		<i>Content provider's title for the overall program</i>
MCA Title Version		<i>The version ("cut") of the MCA Title</i>

11 Output Profile List (OPL) (Informative)

The processing or transformation of compliant packages can be specified by OPLs. An overview of an AMWA AS-11 OPL is given in TSP 2121-1:2018.

Bibliography

SMPTE TSP 2121-1 IMF Application DPP (ProRes)

AMWA AS-11 series: <https://www.amwa.tv/projects/AS-11.shtml>

Report ITU-R BT.2390, High Dynamic Range for production and international programme exchange

SMPTE ST 2067-200:2018 Dynamic Metadata for Color Volume Transform (DMCVT) Plug-in

SMPTE ST 2094 Dynamic Metadata for Color Volume Transform – Application Suite

SMPTE RDD 6:2008 - Description and Guide to the Use of the Dolby E Audio Metadata Serial Bitstream

SMPTE ST 2067-9:2018 Interoperable Master Format – Sidecar Composition Map